Sea Level Rise and Storm Surge Vulnerability Assessment



Paul Miselis, P.E., CFM, ENV SP Land & Water Engineering Science 22 April 2021



Why plan for Sea Level Rise (SLR)?



A resilient Tampa Bay acknowledges and responds to coastal vulnerabilities (Tampa Bay CSAP).

- 590 miles of coastline
- ~1 million residents
- Blue sky flooding is happening now
- Capital improvement project planning
- Adaptation planning
- Resilient communities

Blue Sky Flooding









Vulnerable Assets



Identify if asset is flooded or not for various scenarios

- Assets include:
 - Transportation
 - Stormwater
 - Wastewater
 - Water supply
 - Natural gas
 - Electricity



Our Vision: To Be the Standard for Public Service in America

Project Phases

- Data collection \checkmark
- Vulnerability analysis \checkmark
 - Sea level rise
 - Storm surge
- Adaptation assessments (in progress)
- Reporting (in progress)



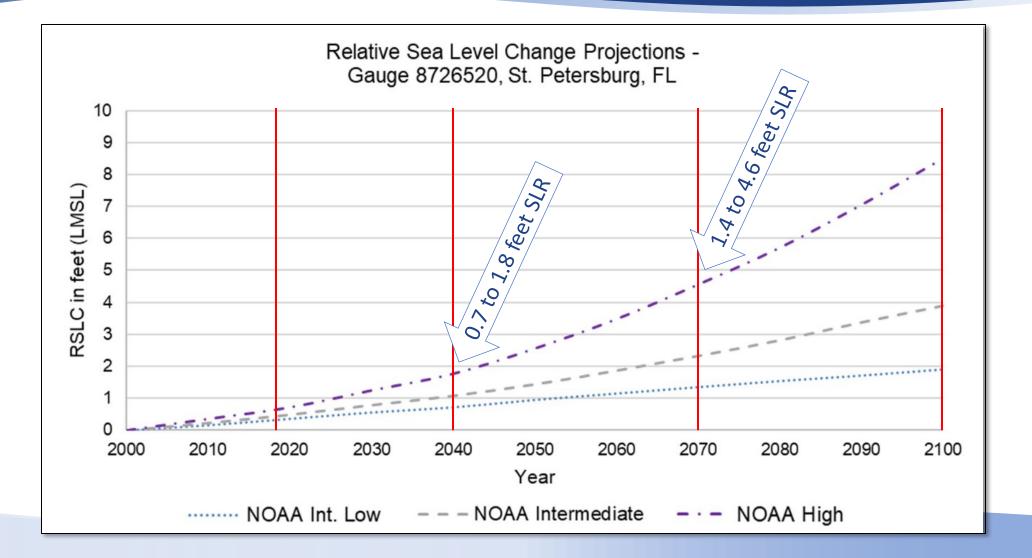




Exposure Factors

Sea Level Change Projections





Our Vision: To Be the Standard for Public Service in America

SLR Projections

- Intermediate low
- Intermediate
- High

Time Horizons

- Current year (2018)
- **2040**
- **2070**
- **2100**

St. Petersburg







Exposure (continued)



Depth and Duration of Tidal Flooding

- Hours per year (hpy)
- From MHW to 1 hpy ("king tide")

Storm Surge on top of SLR

25, 50, 100, 250, 500-year



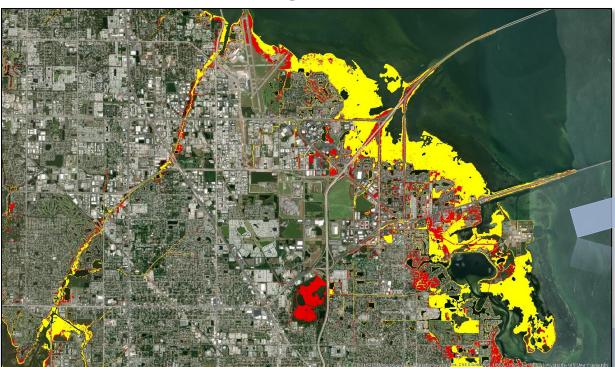


Results

Current vs. 2040 High SLR Scenario



- Current 1 HPY (king tide) flooding
- 2040 High SLR
- No storm surge



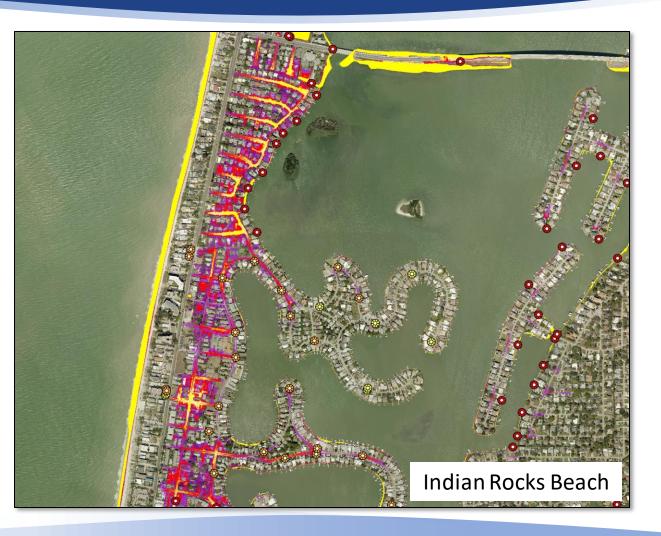


Barrier Island Situation in 2040



Indian Rocks Beach

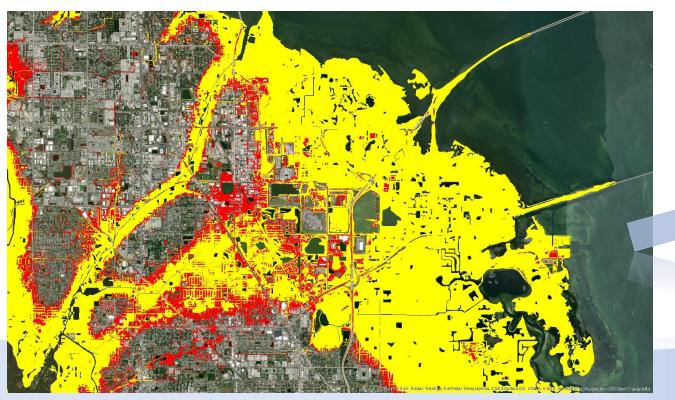
- High SLR scenario
- No storm surge
- Many streets flooded due to tides
- Common barrier island situation



Storm Surge – Current vs. 2040 High SLR



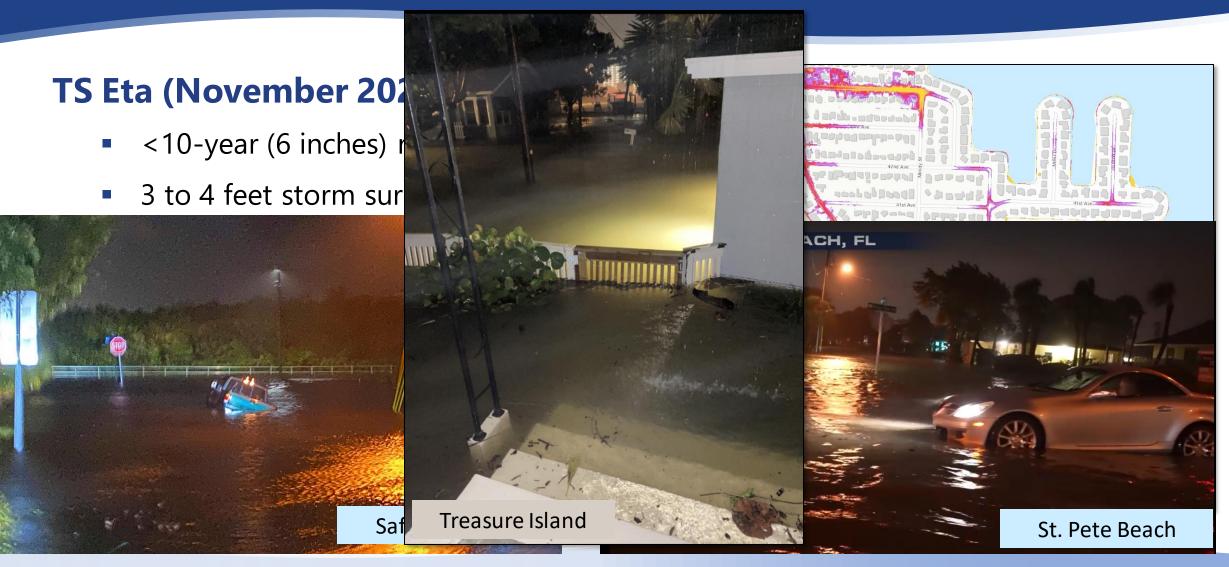
- Current 100-year Storm Surge
- 2040 Storm Surge with High SLR





The Homeowner's Perspective







Next Steps

Adaptation Planning

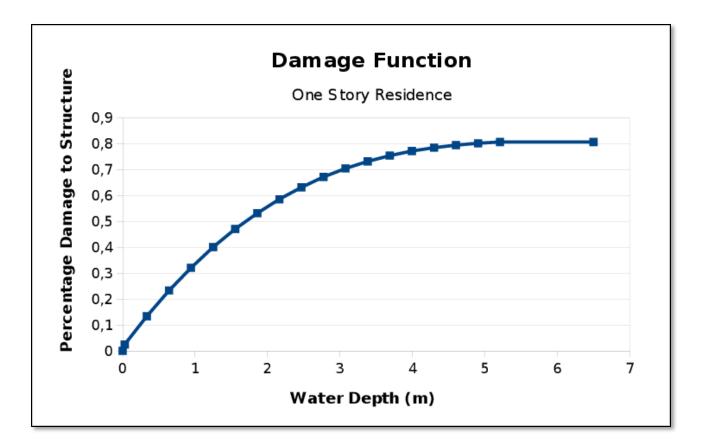


Vulnerability of Assets

Adaptation Strategies

Asset Ranking

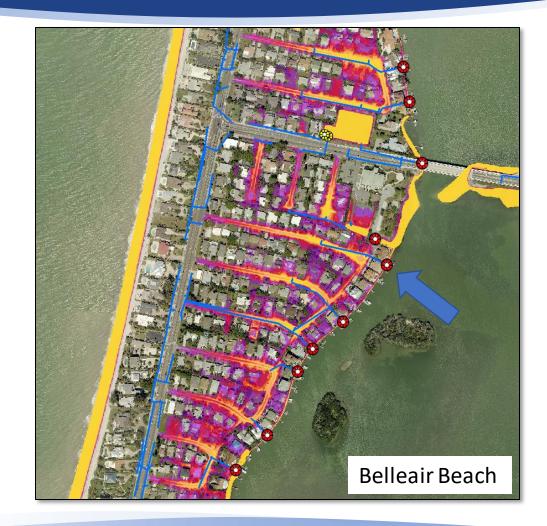
- Depth-Damage functions
- Relate depth of flood to cost of damage
- Rank assets by expected damage cost



Adaptation Strategies



- Install tidal check valves at key stormwater discharge points
- Increase seawall height?
- Elevate or build higher?



Adaptation for Direct Connections



- Example: Twin City MHP flooded during TS Eta
- Check valves won't work due to overland flows
- Seawall? (How high?)
- Elevate? (How much freeboard?)
- Retreat? (How far and where to?)



PIE and Largo Water Treatment Plant

Pinellas County

Assets subject to flooding

- WW Bldgs, WW manholes & PIE Bldgs at 2040 SLR, Intermediate Scenario, 1 hpy flood
- PIE runways at 2070 SLR, High scenario, 1,185 hpy (MHW) flood

Adaptation

- Flood proof buildings
- Seawalls
- Modify air traffic schedules or use alternate runways

