

CITIZEN COMMENT CARD

The Board of County Commissioners values your participation

Please fill out this card if you wish to speak or record your sentiment regarding an agenda item or general topic. Individuals wishing to speak may do so for up to three minutes when called to the lectern.

Citizens to be Heard

Agenda Item

Agenda date: 10-8-19

Agenda item number (NOT case number): _____

Speaking:

For Against Undecided

Waive speaking:

In Support Against

(The Chairman will read this information into the record.)

Topic: Cleaning up Pinellas

Name: Greg Pound

Address: 9166 Sunrise Dr.

L

City: Largo Zip: 33773

Email: _____

Please refer to the *Pinellas County Commission Public Participation & Decorum Rules* for details.

Visit Pinellas County online at www.pinellascounty.org



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Citizens to be Heard

Agenda Item

Agenda date: OCT 8, 2019

Agenda item number (NOT case number): _____

Speaking:

For Against Undecided

Waive speaking:

In Support Against

(The Chairman will read this information into the record.)

DUE PROCESS PRIVILEGE/OPPORTUNITY

Topic: DUE^(VS) COURSE SUPPLY^(VS) / RATE

Name: DAVID BALLARD GEDDIS JR

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DAVID BALLARD GEDDIS JR
GEORGIA AVE
PALM HARBOR

OCT 8
BOCC Pinellas Sept 24, 2019

The Special Acts of 1953 delegates that water is to be charged on a "Supply and Rate" basis.

Fashioning itself in a AdHoc manner, The Reclaimed Water "Availability Fee" Super under-positions itself in on the County Utility, as a "Privilege and Opportunity", as based on Pinellas County Resolution #95-286.

The Charge is seen as being "imposed" in statute 197.363, Dictated in statute 163.3167, levied as a fee(simple)title undertaking in statute 298.36, 180.08, 170.09, 127.01, 380.08.

As based on statute 153.11, the Reclaimed Water "Availability Fee" Directly serves to paying dividends to a 3rd party bond yield, (taxing), placing a Direct 3rd party toll (a Tariff) Taking "Hostage" my Access, to my Essential Water Supply and Delivery.

It is Unlawful to Place a 3rd Party water Tax, a 3rd Party Water Toll charge, to take "Hostage" (to tariff) my Essential Water Supply and Rate, acting in Direct Derogation of Delegated law!

This Government assuming!

Constitutionally "Placing us in the Dark", "Treasonously" using this Constitution as a Decoy, a Fortknicht, claimed as Artificial in statute 373.019 (15); Candidly Assuming to Shapeshift itself, Doubling-Down, "Belligerently" Birthing water jurisdictions, under the 14th Amendment. "thereof"; Pretentiously, As "This" Constitution!

The Reclaimed Water Bonds (Claiming Fee(simple)Title rights) are "super under-positioned" as play to this "High Seas" Constitutional counterfeiting occupation.

And, This insurrection shall be held illegal and void.

Florida Supreme Court Case #96-332, ratifying the Reclaimed Water bonds, is "Entirely Defective" on every measure.

Your County Attorney, servng as counsel to that case, is to be indicted for rackateering.

The Florida Supreme Court, in particular, is to be recognized for its "Will of Ineptitude".

And, its impotency to perform law legitimately, as "Due Course" of things.!

As a solution, In order to prevent any further complications:

A "sensible" daily supply of residential water use must be established, Dis-allowing 3rdParty Tolls, Tariffs, Taxes, Excise Charges, Levies or Fees of any kind, (Allowing "Tax Free" Water Access! Based on a monthly average).

Population densities shall come to terms with the physics and geometry of local District water resource and stabilize themselves accordingly.

A moratorium of housing densities must be established in relation to resource and the economy.

DUE PROCESS
vs.
DUE COURSE

LIKE (SECRET) MANNER, Article 1
vs.
LIKE MIND, Philippians Ch. 2

GOOD WILL
vs.
LEGITIMATE FAITH

PHILLAS Resolution #95-286

OPPORTUNITY TO ACCESS

GIVEN → WHAT IS FREELY GIVEN → LAND VIA APPLICATION OR PETITION

C. RIGHT TO REFUSE SERVICE

The County shall have the right at all times to refuse to extend service based on the following: a use detrimental to the County or public health, inadequate supply of reclaimed water, lack of payment of required fees, or for any other reason which in the judgment of the Director will cause the extension not to benefit the County. The payment of any costs, submittal of any petition, or any other act to receive reclaimed water service shall not guarantee such service.

PROPERTY OWNER'S SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

Before an application for reclaimed water service shall be approved, the customer must have a suitable irrigation system. The irrigation system shall consist of an underground system provided by the customer or a County-provided, below ground hose bib contained in a locked box. No system with a cross-connection to the potable water system shall be considered for connection to the reclaimed water system. The reclaimed water system shall not include devices, above ground faucets, or other connections that could permit the reclaimed water to be used for any purpose other than irrigation unless such uses and systems have been approved in writing by the Director.

E. PUBLIC EASEMENT REQUIREMENT

All reclaimed water facilities, except the customer's irrigation system which is on his property, shall be installed in adequate public rights-of-way or in appropriate easements as required by the Director, which will insure permanent County access for operation, maintenance, and replacement.

OWNERSHIP

All reclaimed water facilities and appurtenances, other than plumbing facilities, when constructed or accepted by the County shall become and remain the property of the County. No person shall, by payment of any fees and charges provided herein, or by causing any construction of facilities accepted by the County, acquire any interest of right in such facilities, or any portion thereof, other than the privilege of having their property connected for reclaimed water services in accordance with this manual and any amendments thereto.

METER REQUIREMENT

Customers may be required to provide an appropriately sized meter. All meters for the reclaimed water system required by the County will be installed by the County at the applicant's expense. An estimate for the installation cost will be prepared by the County and submitted to the applicant for payment prior to installation. A refund or additional billing will be made after installation to ensure that the applicant pays the actual cost of installation.

TO PAY AN METER? YEP!

APPRURANCE IS TRANSLUCENT IN NATURE. COMPARE TO 97-103 (126-508) APPURANCE IS CUSTOMERS LAND TO BE GRANTED OVER TO THE WATER COMPANY/FACILITY. EXTENDING NOT TO EXCEED IS = PLUMBING.

EASEMENT
LIEN
PRIVATE LAND
HOLDING

HMMM?
SUCCEFUL
IRRIGATION/
EPEWISHMENT
TAP
S.H.A.R.P.

EASEMENT
ONSTRUCTION
BUILDUP
DRAWINGS
I-F
III F.

CONTAINED
EASEMENT
DISTRIBUTION
MAIN

SAME
THING.
PLUMBING
US
DISTRIBUTION
MAIN
III 3

PRIVATE LAND HOLDING
REFUSE
OVER
HEALTH?
WHAT? I
THOUGHT WE
WERE
BENEFITING
THE
ENJOYMENT
TRESPASSING
PROPERTY
SEIZURE

PRIVILEGE OF HAVING THE
ACCESS
FEE

EXTENSION
FROM
DISTRIBUTION
TO YOUR PROPERTY
EASEMENT
LIEN
SATISFACTION
TO YOUR
BENEFIT

OWN YOUR
LAND.
TRY MORE.

126-509
PRECONDITION FOR TAPPING INTO

NON MATERIAL

NON MATERIAL

HOUSE BILL 1039
LAUNDRY TOILET

DEFINITION OF PLUMBING - TO AND NOT TO EXCEED

IN AND OF THE STATE
153.90(A)(B)

CONTAINED
INSTALLATION
DISTRIBUTION
MAIN

PLUMBED

OWNERSHIP

LIEN III C-2
95-286

PROPERTY SEIZURE, YOU JUST GAVE AWAY YOUR PROPERTY.

PRIVATE 97-103
126-508

PAYING FOR APPLICATION OR PETITION OR SUBMIT

EXTENSION
FROM
DISTRIBUTION
TO YOUR PROPERTY
EASEMENT

USED
PERCENTAGE
CUSTOMERS PRIVATE LAND
14th Amendment

NON MATERIAL

USE

THAT'S WHY RICHARD CONKORAN WANTS TO ELIMINATE PROPERTY TAX BECAUSE YOU DON'T OWN YOUR LAND.

TDK

AVAILABILITY

HOUSEHOLDS

- Metering of reclaimed water use for irrigation uses (including residential, agricultural, landscape irrigation as well as irrigation of golf courses and public access areas), industrial uses, commercial and institutional uses (e.g., toilet flushing), and transfers to other reclaimed water utilities;
- Implementation of reclaimed water rate structures based on actual use of reclaimed water for such irrigation uses, industrial uses, commercial and institutional uses, and transfers; AND RIGHTS INCLUDED?
- Implementation of education programs to inform the public about water issues, water conservation, and the importance and proper use of reclaimed water; or NOT UTILITY?
- Development of location data for key reuse facilities

FONNY

PAUL TOOMEY 3RD PARTY AUTHORITY BUILDING. DOWNTOWN PALM HARBOR

Impact Offsets and Substitution Credits

This bill creates § 373.250(5), F.S., requiring DEP to initiate rulemaking no later than October 1, 2012 to adopt revisions to the Water Resource Implementation Rule to include criteria for the use of proposed "impact offsets" and "substitution credits." Additionally, the WMDs must initiate rulemaking to incorporate DEP's revisions to the Water Resource Implementation Rule within 60 days of DEP's final adoption of the revisions. Where the act requires implementation through rulemaking, DEP must draft and formally propose such rules within 180 days after the effective date of the act unless the act provides otherwise. In this case, the act allows both DEP and the WMDs longer than 180 days to initiate rulemaking.

Two WMDs (the South Florida and Southwest Florida WMDs) have already adopted rules similar to "impact offsets" and "substitution credits," and other WMDs have separately evolved other permitting practices in their own regions using similar, but less detailed rules.

1. Impact Offsets - POTABLE REUSE? DIRECT INJECTION INTO AQUIFER?

First, the bill requires DEP to initiate rulemaking to adopt "[c]riteria for the use of a proposed impact offset derived from the use of reclaimed water when a water management district evaluates an application for a consumptive use permit." The bill defines "impact offset" as:

APPLICATION

The use of reclaimed water to reduce or eliminate a harmful impact that has occurred or would otherwise occur as a result of other surface water or groundwater withdrawals." (emphasis added)

DOE PROCESS 14th AMENDMENT

The bill does not provide further legislative guidance regarding DEP's development of these rules. For example, the bill does not specifically address the manner in which impact offsets may be approved or applied by a WMD or the ultimate benefit a CUP applicant may derive from using an impact offset, nor does the bill provide guidelines or standards to address these issues or otherwise direct DEP's establishment of criteria for the use of impact offsets. For instance, the bill does not indicate whose or which harmful impacts may be offset by the applicant's use of reclaimed water other than to specify an impact "that has occurred or would otherwise occur as a result of other surface water or groundwater withdrawals." In addition, the bill does not require a geographical nexus between the use of reclaimed water and the applicant's withdrawal of surface or ground water. Therefore, it is unclear whether an impact offset will be available if reclaimed water will be used by the applicant to offset a harmful impact outside the hydrological area where the applicant proposes to withdraw surface or groundwater.

OR AGENCY / CORPORATE INTENTIONALLY 10331016 PRIMATE DISTRICT FONNY PETITIONED? LEVY'D

100YR ZONE #1 FOR MAP VALUE VARIATION. TRANSCATONAL EFFECTS, INTRUSION. WELL FIELDS - LOCATION

Examples of offset projects that may have a beneficial water resource effect include: the use of recharge systems to prevent saltwater intrusion, the use of reclaimed water to reduce or prevent wetland impacts or other surface and groundwater impacts; and the use of reclaimed water to replace surface or groundwater withdrawals, so that those withdrawals may be used to reduce or prevent adverse impacts. According to DEP, the use of reclaimed water to rehydrate wetlands that would otherwise be adversely affected by a water withdrawal has already been allowed in some WMDs.

NATION WIDE 1550G. SEPTIC SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT

CYPRESS WETLANDS. WHAT TYPE OF WETLANDS MAN-MADE? EXCAVATED PALUSTRINE

64 Section 120.54(1)(b), F.S.

65 "Purple Paper: Reclaimed Water, Credits, and Offsets," Prepared by: DEP, NFWFMD, SJRWMD, SFWMD, SWFWMD, SRWMD, and the Florida Water Environment Association Utility Council. (undated)

66 Id. at p. 2; "Purple Paper: Reclaimed Water, Credits, and Offsets," Prepared by: DEP, NFWFMD, SJRWMD, SFWMD, SWFWMD, SRWMD, and the Florida Water Environment Association Utility Council. (undated).

67 DEP Draft Bill Analysis for HB 639 (2012) (p. 3).

BUILD-UP AND DRAW -> RESOLUTION 95-286 IV (C-2)

CREATE ^{or} FALSELY MADE THRU A FORESAKING

Select Year: 2012 [Go]

Ex. Order # 12803

The 2012 Florida Statutes

MANDATE 163.3177(F)

Title XI
COUNTY ORGANIZATION AND
INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

Chapter 163
INTERGOVERNMENTAL
PROGRAMS

View Entire
Chapter

163.3167 Scope of act. -

- (1) The several incorporated municipalities and counties shall have power and responsibility:
 - (a) To plan for their future development and growth.
 - (b) To adopt and amend comprehensive plans, or elements or portions thereof to guide their future development and growth.
 - (c) To implement adopted or amended comprehensive plans by the adoption of appropriate and development regulations or elements thereof.
 - (d) To establish, support, and maintain administrative instruments and procedures to carry out the provisions and purposes of this act.

Handwritten notes and annotations:

- COMMUNITY FUNDED BY PUBLIC BODIES** (circled)
- AGENCY** (circled)
- Corporations? DELEGATED?**
- 14th AMENDMENT WATERBOARD THIS CONSTITUTION? No!**
- JOINT OR MUTUAL**
- AID AND ABET 3rd PARTY**
- FEE (SIMPLE)**
- TITLE**
- NEW CONSTITUTION BUILDING DRAWINGS TAXING CAPABILITIES FACT AND LAW**
- COMMUNITY OF INVESTORS**
- 14th AMENDMENT JURISDICTION**
- dictate and require.** (circled)
- PRIVATE FEDERAL 10F3 DRAW**
- TAX BOTH PUBLIC PRIVATE TAX FOR HEALTH WELFARE**
- WATERBOARD UNDERTAKING ADOPT A DICTATOR**
- CROSS DRESSER**
- RESHAPE**
- INTER LOCAL UNDERTAKING**
- PRESENTMENT 5th AMENDMENT**
- WATERBOARD**
- ACT OF REBELLION / INSURRECTION**
- 14th AMENDMENT JURISDICTION THEREOF**
- WATERBOARD**
- DICTATORSHIP**
- INDIVIDUAL WATERBOARD JURISDICTION**
- 14th AMENDMENT CITIZEN 380.08**
- LEGITIMATE WILL?**
- AGENCIES**
- RE-CREATION DEVELOPMENT**
- DICTATORSHIP**
- 14th AMENDMENT**
- GEORGE BOSH**
- DUE PROCESS US DUE COURSE**
- 14th AMENDMENT**

INITIATIVE - DEVELOPMENT ORDER

197.263 TAX-DEFERRED PROPERTY FAILURE TO MAINTAIN FIRE INSURANCE OWNERSHIP CHANGE.

197.3632(7)

SEPARATE MAILING

Select Year: 2012 Go

The 2012 Florida Statutes

Title XIV

Chapter 197

View Entire Chapter

TAXATION AND FINANCE TAX COLLECTIONS, SALES, AND LIENS

197.363 Special assessments and service charges; optional method of collection.

(1) At the option of the property appraiser, special assessments collected pursuant to this section prior to January 1, 1990, may be collected pursuant to this section after January 1, 1990. However, any local governing board collecting non-ad valorem assessments pursuant to this section on January 1, 1990, may elect to collect said assessments pursuant to s. 197.3632. In the event of such election, the local governing board shall notify the property appraiser and tax collector in writing and comply with s. 197.3632(2) and the applicable certification provisions of s. 197.3632(5). If a local governing board amends any non-ad valorem assessment roll certified under this provision, the local governing board shall comply with all applicable provisions of s. 197.3631.

(2) In accordance with subsection (1), special assessments authorized by general or special law or the State Constitution may be collected as provided for ad valorem taxes under this chapter if:

(a) The entity imposing the special assessment has entered into a written agreement with the property appraiser, at her or his option, providing for reimbursement of administrative costs incurred under this section;

(b) A resolution authorizing use of this method for collection of special assessments is adopted at a public hearing;

(c) Affected property owners have been provided by first-class mail prior notice of both the potential for loss of title that exists with use of this collection method and the time and place of the public hearing required by paragraph (b);

(d) The property appraiser has listed on the assessment roll the special assessment for each affected parcel;

(e) The dollar amount of the special assessment has been included in the notice of proposed property taxes, and

(f) The dollar amount of the special assessment has been included in the tax notice issued pursuant to s. 197.322.

(3) When collected by using the method provided for ad valorem taxes, special assessments shall be subject to all collection provisions of this chapter, including provisions relating to discount for early payment, prepayment by installment method, penalty for delinquent payment, and issuance of tax certificates and tax deeds for nonpayment, and shall also be subject to the provisions of s. 192.091(2)(b).

(4) If the requirements of subsection (2) which are imposed upon the collection of special assessments are not met, the collection of such special assessments shall be by the manner provided in the ordinance or resolution establishing such special assessments. The manner of collection established in any ordinance or resolution shall be in compliance with all general or special laws authorizing a levy.

95-286 IV(C-2)

EMINENT DOMAIN 153.03(5)

NOT DELEGATED BY SPECIAL ACT OF '53 163.3167 EXECUTIVE ORDER #12803 #13406

3RD PARTY ADHOC INTENTIONAL

TRANSFER OF GOVERNMENT UNIFORM ARTICLE 8 US CONSTITUTION WATER DISTRICT LEVY

95-286 IV(C-2)

RESOLUTION 95-286 IV(C-2) 3RD PARTY LEVY

FEE(SIMPLE) TITLE UNIFORMLY BANKRUPT WATER SUPPLY 300.08 127.01 WATER LEVY

WATER LEVY APPROPRIATION NON-AD VALOREM LEVY AD VALOREM

WARRANT 197.322 LEVY / LIEN SELF-ELECTED 197.3632(9) WATER LEVY

30 YEAR FORECLOSURE FEE(SIMPLE) TITLE 300.08 127.01 WATER LEVY NON-AD VALOREM SPECIAL 3RD PARTY ADHOC UNDERTAKING

LOSS OF TITLE USURPATION INTENTIONAL 3RD PARTY ADHOC UNDERTAKING WATER

LEVY 3RD PARTY LEVY USURPATION SELF-ELECTED LEVY 298.36

ORD. 97-103 SECTION 126-509 A

RES. 95-286 IV(C-2)

FEE(SIMPLE) TITLE 300.08 127.01

ARTICLE 3 OF THE U.S. CONSTITUTION SECTION 3

LEIN OF EASEMENT

LAND GRAB

LAND GRAB GRANTS 153.90(G)

126-508

USED SUBMIT 126-507

95-286 DISTRIBUTION LIAB
126-503(G)
DISTRIBUTION EASEMENT
AND NOT TO
YCEED
DISTRIBUTION MAIN

2. Inspection
The County has the right, but not the duty to inspect reclaimed water facilities during construction to insure their conformance with construction plans and specifications. Formal County acceptance of those reclaimed water facilities to be owned and operated by the County shall occur only after the receipt of as-built drawings required easements an absolute Bill of Sale with full warranties of title, and a Release of Lien

3. Construction in Public Right-of-Way
Applicants for all reclaimed water services requiring line extensions within County or State maintained rights-of-way shall be required to pay the cost of such extension in accordance with rates and fees established for such services.

V. RECLAIMED WATER FEES AND CHARGES

A. FEES AND CHARGES

The fees and charges shall be in accordance with the Schedule of Rates and Fees, as approved by the Board of County Commissioners.

B. BILLINGS AND COLLECTIONS

Account servicing of the reclaimed water service shall follow the guidelines outlined in the Pinellas County Water System Policy Manual, Resolution 87-198.

C. LINE EXTENSION COSTS

The fees and charges shall be in accordance with the Schedule of Rates and Fees.

D. CAPITAL COST RECOVERY-ASSESSMENT

The Board of County Commissioners may approve an assessment program to defray any or all of the cost of the distribution system.

YOU APPLY GET ACCEPTED, THEY OWN YOUR PROPERTY AND RELEASE EASEMENT LIEN.

DEEMED

EXCEPT EASEMENT

BASE OF CALCULATION

INTERNAL COMPOUND FORTIFIED ELEMENT

AD VALORUM

VALUE OF RISK

ORDER OF PROCEDURE

UNDERTAKE

EASEMENT PROPERTY (PINELLAS COUNTY)

DRAWINGS

AND DESIGNING CONSTRUCTION UNDERTAKINGS

- 1 AS TO POLL FROM OR SOLICIT
- 2 AS TO SKETCH
- 3 VARIANCE APPLICATION

SCOTTS 153.90

(D) ALTERNATIVE METHODS OF FINANCING

DEEMPT VS PROVIDES

APPLICATION PETITION ELECT OF USE GAIN

153.90 COMBINATION 153.90 (2)

DIVIDEND VIER

APPELLANT CASE P31(B)

197363

RECLAIMED WATER VARIANCE APPLICATION EMINENT DOMAIN 153.90(2)

ACCESS FEES

EASEMENT LIEN

RELEASE EASEMENT LIEN

298.333 COUNTY 126-514

EASEMENT LIEN DISTRIBUTION MAIN SECURITY TO BOND HOLDERS

AVAILABILITY FEE

153.90(2) EMINENT DOMAIN

DISTRICT

YOU APPLY GET ACCEPTED, THEY OWN YOUR PROPERTY AND RELEASE EASEMENT LIEN.

Select Year: 2018 Go

The 2018 Florida Statutes

Title XI COUNTY ORGANIZATION AND INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS Chapter 127 RIGHT OF EMINENT DOMAIN TO COUNTIES View Entire Chapter

127.01 Counties delegated power of eminent domain; recreational purposes, issue of necessity of taking; compliance with limitations. (1)(a) Each county of the state is delegated authority to exercise the right and power of eminent domain; that is, the right to appropriate property, except state or federal, for any county purpose. The absolute fee simple title to all property so taken and acquired shall vest in such county unless the county seeks to condemn a particular right or estate in such property.

(b) Each county is further authorized to exercise the eminent domain power granted to the Department of Transportation by s. 337.27(1), the transportation corridor protection provisions of s. 337.273, and the right of entry onto property pursuant to s. 337.274.

(2) However, no county has the right to condemn any lands outside its own county boundaries for parks, playgrounds, recreational centers, or other recreational purposes. In eminent domain proceedings, a county's burden of showing reasonable necessity for parks, playgrounds, recreational centers, or other types of recreational purposes shall be the same as the burden in other types of eminent domain proceedings.

(3) A county shall strictly comply with the limitations set forth in ss. 73.013 and 73.014. History.—s. 1, ch. 7338, 1917; RGS 1503; CGL 2281; s. 1, ch. 22802, 1945; s. 18, ch. 63-559; s. 5, ch. 73-299; s. 1, ch. 84-319; s. 17, ch. 85-80; s. 4, ch. 88-168; s. 1, ch. 91-141; s. 62, ch. 99-385; s. 4, ch. 2006-11.

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Pinellas County Resolution 95-286 IV (C-2) "ABSOLUTE BILL OF SALE FULL WARRANTIES OF TITLE, RELEASE OF COUNTY LIEN."

RECLAIMED WATER "VARIANCE" APPLICATION IN COMBINATION WITH THE DUE PROCESS CLAUSE OF THE 14th AMENDMENT IS THE VANQUISHING OF CHRISTIANITY

PARTICULAR RIGHT -> RELIGION OF CHRISTIANITY! RECLAIMED WATER "VARIANCE" APPLICATION SEEKS TO CONDEMN CHRISTIANITY AS BASED ON THE 14th AMENDMENT.

ACCESS TO WATER
"PRIVILEGES"
RESOLUTION 95-286 III-F
III-K

Select Year: 2018 [v] [Go]

The 2018 Florida Statutes

Title XXVIII
NATURAL RESOURCES; CONSERVATION,
RECLAMATION, AND USE

Chapter 380
LAND AND WATER
MANAGEMENT

[View Entire Chapter](#)

380.08 Protection of landowners' rights.—

153.03(5)

(1) Nothing in this chapter ^{THING #1?} authorizes any governmental agency to adopt a rule or regulation or issue any order that is unduly restrictive or constitutes a taking of property without the payment of full compensation in violation of the constitutions of this state or of the United States ^{OF AMERICA?}.

ABSOLUTE BILL OF SALE
FULL WARRANTIES OF TITLE
RESOLUTION 95-286 III C-2

(2) If any governmental agency authorized to adopt a rule or regulation or issue any order under this chapter determines that, to achieve the purposes of this chapter, it is in the public interest to acquire the fee simple or lesser interest in any parcel of land, such agency shall so certify to the state land planning agency, the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, and other appropriate governmental agencies. Prior to such agency's acquiring such land, the seller of the land shall file a statement with the department disclosing, for at least the last 5 years prior to the conveyance of title to the state, all financial transactions concerning the land and all parties having a financial interest in any transaction.

127.01
170.09
180.08

DELEGATED, ORDERED?
EX ORDER 12803
38019(15) Artificial
CORPORATION
INTERLOCAL COMPACT - USURPATION
Appropriation
EX ORDER 13406
PINELLAS ORDINANCE 97-103 (126-509)
"TAPPING OF TITLE"
"CARPET BIDDING"
"PENALTY WISE THE CLOUD?"

(3) If any governmental agency denies a development permit under this chapter, it shall specify its reasons in writing and indicate any changes in the development proposal that would make it eligible to receive the permit.

History.—s. 8, ch. 72-317; s. 2, ch. 75-81; s. 16, ch. 84-330; s. 4, ch. 89-276; s. 15, ch. 92-288; s. 66, ch. 95-143.

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EX ORDER #12803 "INTENDING NOT TO INCLUDE EVERY CONDITION IN ORDER TO ACHIEVE OBJECTIVE."

EX ORDER #13406 "TO ACQUIRE ABANDONED PROPERTY"
"TO QUIET TITLE TO PROPERTY"

(2009) FLORIDA STATUTE 163.3167(11) "CLEARINGHOUSE"

Select Year: 2018 Go

TO RAISE MORTGAGE REVENUE CERTIFICATES

The 2018 Florida Statutes

Title XII
MUNICIPALITIES

Chapter 180
MUNICIPAL PUBLIC WORKS

[View Entire Chapter](#)

180.08 Revenue certificates; terms; price and interest; three-fifths vote of governing body required.—

(1) Any municipality which ^{EMMENT DOMAIN 153.03(5)} acquires constructs or extends any of the public ^{FACILITY? imposed 197.363} utilities authorized by this chapter and ^{UNDERTAKINGS} desires to raise money for ^{Appropriation/Usurpation 3RD PARTY} such purpose, may issue mortgage revenue certificates or debentures therefor ^{3RD PARTY} without regard to the limitations of municipal indebtedness as prescribed by any statute ^{now} in effect or ^{hereafter} enacted; provided, however, that ^{such mortgage revenue certificates} or debentures ^{shall not impose any tax liability upon any (real or personal) property in such municipality} nor constitute a debt against the municipality issuing the same, but shall be a lien only against or upon the property and revenues of such utility ^{FACILITY 3RD PARTY USURPATION OF TITLE} including a franchise setting forth the terms upon which, in the event of ^{FEE (SIMPLE) TITLE} foreclosure, the purchaser may operate the same, which said franchise shall in no event extend for a period longer than ^{30 years} from the date of the ^{sale of such utility} and franchise under ^{foreclosure proceedings}

PAY FOR PLAY?

WATER DISTRICT

FACILITY

RESOLUTION 95-280 III C-2

3RD PARTY

RECLAIMED WATER "VARIANCE"

Appropriation

(2) ~~Such mortgage revenue certificates~~ or debentures shall be sold for at least 95 percent of par value and shall bear interest not to exceed 7.5 percent per annum.

INTERNAL 3RD PARTY

(3) No mortgage revenue certificates or debentures shall be issued except upon a three-fifths affirmative vote of the city council, or other legislative body of the municipalities by whatever name known; ^{INTERNAL 3RD PARTY USURPATION} such mortgage revenue certificates or debentures shall provide that out of the revenues and income derived and obtained from the operation of the ^{NOT FACILITY} utility so constructed, such portion thereof as may be deemed sufficient after all operating costs have been paid, shall be set aside annually in a sinking fund ^{298.36} for the payment of interest on ^{3RD PARTY UNDERTAKINGS} said certificates or debentures and the principal thereof at the maturity of the same.

2ND CONSTITUTION

14th AMENDMENT BIRTH OF JURISDICTION

History.—s. 5, ch. 17118, 1935; CGL 1936 Supp. 3100(10); s. 18, ch. 73-302.

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"DRAINAGE TAX RECORD"

STATUTE 298.36

THEREIN (VS) THEREOF

Select Year: 2018 Go

The 2018 Florida Statutes

Title XII Chapter 170 View Entire Chapter
 MUNICIPALITIES SUPPLEMENTAL AND ALTERNATIVE METHOD OF MAKING LOCAL MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENTS

170.09 Priority of lien; interest; and method of payment. — The special assessments shall be payable at the time and in the manner stipulated in the resolution providing for the improvement; shall remain coequal with the lien of all state, county, district, and municipal taxes, superior in dignity to all other liens, titles, and claims, until paid, shall bear interest, at a rate not to exceed 8 percent per year, or, if bonds are issued pursuant to this chapter, at a rate not to exceed 1 percent above the rate of interest at which the improvement bonds authorized pursuant to this chapter and used for the improvement are sold from the date of the acceptance of the improvement; and may, by the resolution aforesaid and only for capital outlay projects, be made payable in equal installments over a period not to exceed 30 years notwithstanding any special act to the contrary, to which, if not paid when due, there shall be added a penalty at the rate of 1 percent per month, until paid. However, the assessments may be paid without interest at any time within 30 days after the improvement is completed and a resolution accepting the same has been adopted by the governing authority.

History.—s. 9, ch. 9298, 1923; CGL 3030; s. 6, ch. 59-396; s. 1, ch. 61-349; s. 4, ch. 67-552; s. 3, ch. 80-318; s. 74, ch. 81-259; s. 5, ch. 82-195; s. 2, ch. 82-198; s. 33, ch. 83-204; s. 29, ch. 99-378.

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"ABSOLUTE BILL OF SALE
 FULL WARRANTIES OF TITLE,
 AND RELEASE OF LIEN."

WATER DISTRICT LEVY
 ESSENTIAL INFRASTRUCTURE?
 FUNNY!

180.08
 Foreclosure

FEE (SIMPLE) TITLE
 170.09
 127.01

DILIGENCE?
 DUE PROCESS OF TAKING LIBERTY AND PROPERTY IN THE 14th AMENDMENT

CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL VIA SPRINKLER SYSTEM?

(2009) 163.3167(11) CLEANING HOUSE?

EX ORDER # 13406 TO ACQUIRE ABANDONED OR VACATED PROPERTY?

Menu

2018 Florida Statutes

< Back to Statute Search

Title XXI DRAINAGE

Chapter 298 DRAINAGE AND WATER CONTROL

SECTION 36 Lands belonging to state assessed; drainage tax record.

PRIVILEGES/IMMUNITIES TAX FREE BOND YIELD

298.36 Lands belonging to state assessed; drainage tax record.—

(1) The benefits and all lands in said district belonging to the state, shall be assessed to, and the taxes thereon shall be paid by, the state out of funds on hand or which may hereafter be obtained, derived from the sale of lands belonging to the state. This provision shall apply to all taxes in any district including maintenance and ad valorem taxes, either levied under this or any other law, and to taxes assessed for preliminary work and expenses, as provided in s. 298.349, as well as to the taxes provided for in this section. Book of Common Prayer

(2) The secretary of the board of supervisors, as soon as said total tax is levied shall, at the expense of the district, prepare a list of all taxes levied in the form of a well-bound book which book shall be endorsed and named "DRAINAGE TAX RECORD OF WATER CONTROL DISTRICT COUNTY, FLORIDA," which endorsement shall be printed or written at the top of each page in said book, and shall be signed and certified by the president and secretary of the board of supervisors, attested by the seal of the district, and the same shall thereafter become a permanent record in the office of said secretary.

History.—s. 17, ch. 6458, 1913; RGS 1114; s. 1, ch. 12040, 1927; CGL 1467; s. 17, ch. 79-5; s. 22, ch. 97-40.

COUNTY LIEN

AD VALOREM

VS

DISTRICT LEVY

ON HAND VS AT HAND

PHILIPPIANS 4:13-5

LEVIED

LEVY

PINELLAS RESOLUTION 95-286 IV C-2

REVENUE

SELLING THE COUNTY TO THE DISTRICT

Book of Common Prayer

MAINTENANCE PRELIMINARY WORK EXPENSES

TAXING LIBERTY PROPERTY LIFE IN THE 14th AMENDMENT (WATER) JURISDICTION THEREOF

"SINKING FUND" 180,000

PINELLAS COUNTY RESOLUTION 95-286 IV (C-2) — "ABSOLUTE BILL OF SALE WITH FULL WARRANTIES OF TITLE AND RELEASE OF COUNTY LIEN"

PINELLAS COUNTY ORDINANCE 97-103 (126-509) — TAPPING OF TITLE TO PROPERTY

Book of Common Prayer

Book of Common REBELLION

REBELLION ARTICLE 1 SECTION 9

REBELLION 14th AMENDMENT

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PHILIPPIANS 4 VERSES 3-5

UTILITY VS FACILITY

SUPPLY AND RATE VS PRIVILEGE & OPPORTUNITY

Select Year: 2017 Go

SPECIAL ACT OF 1953 DELEGATES SUPPLY AND RATE

OF THE STATE VS IN THE STATE

The 2017 Florida Statutes

Title XI

Chapter 153

View Entire Chapter

COUNTY ORGANIZATION AND INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

WATER AND SEWER SYSTEMS

153.03 General grant of power.—Any of the several counties of the state which may hereafter come under the provisions of this chapter as hereinafter provided is hereby authorized and empowered.

(1) To purchase and/or construct and to improve, extend, enlarge, and reconstruct a water supply system or systems or sewage disposal system or systems or both, within such county and any adjoining county or counties and to purchase and/or construct or reconstruct water system improvements or sewer improvements, or both, within such county and any adjoining county or counties and to operate, manage and control all such systems so purchased and/or constructed and all properties pertaining thereto and to furnish and supply water and sewage collection and disposal services to any of such counties and to any municipalities and any persons, firms or corporations, public or private, in any of such counties; provided, however, that none of the facilities provided by this chapter may be constructed, owned, operated or maintained by the county on property located within the corporate limits of any municipality without the consent of the council, commission or body having general legislative authority in the government of such municipality unless such facilities were owned by the county on such property prior to the time such property was included within the corporate limits of such municipality. No county shall furnish any of the facilities provided by this chapter to any property already being furnished like facilities by any municipality without the express consent of the council, commission or body having general legislative authority in the government of such municipality.

(2) To issue water revenue bonds and/or sewer revenue bonds or general obligation bonds of the county to pay all or a part of the cost of such purchase and/or construction or reconstruction.

(3) To fix and collect rates, fees and other charges for the service and facilities supplied by any such water supply system or water system improvements and sewage disposal system or sewer improvements and to fix and collect charges for making connections with the water system of the county.

(4) To receive and accept from the Federal Government or any agency thereof grants for or in aid of the planning, purchase, construction, reconstruction, or financing of any facility and to receive and accept contributions from any source of either money, property, labor, or other things of value to be held, used, and applied only for the purpose for which such grants and contributions may be made.

(5) To acquire in the name of the county by gift, purchase as hereinafter provided or by the exercise of the right of eminent domain, such lands and rights and interests therein, including lands under water and riparian rights, and to acquire such personal property as it may deem necessary for the efficient operation or for the extension of or the improvement of any facility purchased or constructed under the provisions of this chapter and to hold and dispose of all real and personal property under its control; provided, however, that no county shall have the right to exercise the right of eminent domain over any such lands or rights or interests therein or any personal property owned by any municipality within the state nor to exercise such right with respect to any privately owned water supply system or sewage disposal system including without limitation ponds, streams and surface waters constituting a part thereof, provided any such system is primarily used, owned or operated by an industrial or manufacturing plant for its own use as a water supply system or in disposing of its industrial wastes.

(6) To make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of its duties, and the execution of its powers under this chapter and to employ such consulting and other engineers,

SAFETY INVOLVES RW TREATMENT
298,301(5), 298,306, 298,101 SOCIETY
MAINTENANCE IS
NOW AMORTIZED

AVAILABILITY FEE IS AN INTEREST RATE BONDAGE YIELD

HERBARR
2 PAGE

STATE 153
97-103
25-40

Select Year: 2010 Go

NOT SUPPLY AND RATE

USER FEE vs SERVICE

UTILITY vs FACILITY

The 2010 Florida Statutes

INSURANCE FOR THE USE OR SERVICE OF REVENUE BONDS

Title XI

Chapter 153

View Entire Chapter

COUNTY ORGANIZATION AND

WATER AND SEWER

INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS AND SYSTEMS

153.11 Water service charges and sewer service charges: revenues.

(1)(a) The county commission shall in the resolution providing for the issuance of either water revenue bonds or sewer revenue bonds, or both, fix the initial schedule of rates, fees and other charges for the use of and for the services furnished or to be furnished by the facilities, to be paid by the owner, tenant or occupant of each lot or parcel of land which may be connected with and use any such facility by or through any part of the water system of the county. THEY HAVE THEIR EYE ON ACQUIRING YOUR LAND

(b) After the system or systems shall have been in operation the county commission may revise such schedule of rates, fees and charges from time to time. Such rates, fees and charges shall be so fixed and revised as to provide funds, with other funds available for such purposes sufficient at all times to pay the cost of maintaining, repairing and operating the system or systems including the reserves for such purposes and for replacements and depreciation and necessary extensions, to pay the principal of and the interest on the water revenue bonds and/or sewer revenue bonds as the same shall become due and the reserves therefor, and to provide a margin of safety for making such payments. THE COUNTY COMMISSION SHALL CHARGE AND COLLECT THE RATES, FEES AND CHARGES SO FIXED OR REVISED AND SUCH RATES, FEES AND CHARGES SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO SUPERVISION OR REGULATION BY ANY OTHER COMMISSION, BOARD, BUREAU OR AGENCY OF THE COUNTY OR OF THE STATE OR OF ANY SANITARY DISTRICT OR OTHER POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF THE STATE

(c) Such rates, fees and charges shall be just and equitable and may be based or computed upon the quantity of water consumed and/or upon the number and size of sewer connections or upon the number and kind of plumbing fixtures in use in the premises connected with the sewer system or upon the number or average number of persons residing or working in or otherwise connected with such premises or upon any other factor affecting the use of the facilities furnished or upon any combination of the foregoing factors

(d) In cases where the amount of water furnished to any building or premises is such that it imposes an unreasonable burden upon the water supply system an additional charge may be made therefor or the county commission may if it deems advisable compel the owners or occupants of such building or premises to reduce the amount of water consumed thereon in a manner to be specified by the county commission or the county commission may refuse to furnish water to such building or premises.

(e) In cases where the character of the sewage from any manufacturing or industrial plant or any building or premises is such that it imposes an unreasonable burden upon any sewage disposal system, an additional charge may be made therefor, or the county commission may, if it deems it advisable, compel such manufacturing or industrial plant or such building or premises to treat such sewage in such manner as shall be specified by the county commission before discharging such sewage into any sewer (lines) owned or maintained by the county.

RECLAIMED WATER
INCOME AVAILABILITY
DIRECT TAX RESIDENTS INVOKED
DEFAULT
IMORTIZED
30 YRS
MAINTENANCE
AND SAFETY
NOT ABOUT ALIMITED USE.

FINANCE TEAM ON LINE OF INVESTORS
SUBSET - PG 29 96-332 II B
CHARGES
MAINTAINING INTEREST ON BONDS
RECLAIMED WATER - VARIANCE DESTROYS RELIGION

ORDINANCE 97-103 SECTION 126 509(B)
RESOLUTION 95-286
ADDITIONAL EQUIP
NON-UTILITY
CONTAINED
IMPOSED 197,303 DICTATED 103,3107
INTEREST MARKUP
BOND DISTANCE LEVY
SECURITY TO THE BOND HOLDERS (TO BE)
LAND
APPLIED FOR
UNJUST LAW BOND
INTEREST MARKUP BOND
EXTRA CONSTITUTIONAL THEREOF IN THE 1978 AMENDMENT
WATER
COURT THIS ACCUZATION NOT CONSTITUTIONAL
STATE BOND CHARGES SUBJECTS THE COUNTY AND STATE
SPRINKLER
STATE
92-01 ENSLAVED CAPTURED CONGRESS SHIP OF WAR
PRIVILEGE CONTAINED INSTALLATIONS
MONEY OR LEGAL BOND/LENY/TITLE 197,303
JUDGE URGE FORCEFULLY
RESIDENT? BONDAGE SLAVE?
EXORDER #13406
WATER POLICE
WATER USED AS A FAITH BASED WEAPON.
ORDINANCE 97-103 SECTION 126-510
DO THEY LIEN ON MY PROPERTY WITH THAT AS WELL.

INTEREST INVESTMENT RETURN YIELD, DIVIDEND
RENUMERATED MARKUP DEBT BOTH PUBLIC/PRIVATE QUANTITY
PRIVILEGE TO ACCESS FEE?
FEE COMPLETE 380.0
CONTAINED, INSTALLATION 3RD PARTY
YEAR CONVEINCE 20 YEAR AMORTIZATION
LIEN PAYS INTEREST RATES
LAND GRAB LAND PAYS! PRINCIPLE!
WHEN YOU SELL YOUR HOME.
INDIVIDUAL INDEPENDENCE
UNDENIABLE
153,90
IMMUNITY 96-332 PG 38 ALACH
NEED FBI
KEEP IN MIND WE ARE STILL A UTILITY.
LENY

UTILITY vs FACILITY
RECLAIMED WATER
INSURANCE FOR INVESTORS
RATES AND VALIDATIONS, AND CONSIDERATIONS

UNWARRANTED JURISDICTION!

www.ourdocuments.gov

www.ourdocuments.gov

December 3, 2018

RECLAIMED WATER "VARIANCE" APPLICATION

LITERAL OWING OF HEALTH SAFETY RELIGION OF CHRISTIANITY

Transcript of 14th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution: Civil Rights (1868)

AMENDMENT XIV

Section 1.

All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

PG 164 MALONEY'S WATER CODE

IT'S JURISDICTION IS A POLITICAL BODY!

1:30,000 AS ENDEMPERATED FROM ARTICLE 1 SECTION 2

THEREIN VS THEREOF

"UNWARRANTED" AS DECLARED

BRITISH LEGISLATION AS DECLARED

CHRISTIANS?

IT'S WATER JURISDICTION

Section 2.

Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the Executive and Judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

BRITISH BRETHREN AS DECLARED

UNWARRANTED AS DECLARED

WROTE THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE ISRAEL

12-TRIBES KNOWN SAVAGES

WATER JEWS

MERCENARY'S AS DECLARED?

Section 3.

No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath, as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

ARTICLE 4 SECTION 2

CHRISTIANS

2ND AMENDMENT AS "POWERS ABOVE EARTH" - WATER

"COMMON BOOK OF REBELLION" STATUTE (29B,36)

HELLO CRAMMER!

FUNNY!

Section 4.

The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

ARTICLE 3 SECTION 3 WATER DISTRICT LEVY FELONY ARTICLE 4 SECTION 2?

29B,36 IS THE BOOK OF COMMON REBELLION

Section 5.

The Congress shall have the power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

SACRELIDGE OF CHRISTIANS!

USUFRUCTUARY RIGHT TO WATER?

Page URL: http://www.ourdocuments.gov/doc.php?doc=43&page=transcript

U.S. National Archives & Records Administration 700 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20408 • 1-86-NARA-NARA • 1-866-272-6272

MALONEY'S WATER CODE PG 165-164

IT'S WATER JURISDICTION

PRIVILEGED/IMMUNE

BRITISH LEGISLATION AS DECLARED

INDIANS TAX FREE

JEWISH/12-TRIBES AUTHORS OF THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

DOE PROCESS OF TAKING LIBERTY, PROPERTY AND LIFE

CHRISTIANITY IS VANQUISHED

BLASPHEMY! OBJECTION!



Application for Variance
From Pinellas County Code 82-3
County Reclaimed Water Shortage Conservation Measures

EMINENT
DOMAIN
153.03(5)
STATUTE

PRIVATE
PUBLIC
PARTNERSHIP

Important Instructions and Information

→ RECLAIMED WATER FACILITY (NOT UTILITY)

- Pinellas County may grant a variance from the terms of Pinellas County Code 82-3, County Reclaimed Water Shortage Conservation Measures, when such variance will not be contrary to the public interest and where, owing to special conditions, a literal enforcement of the provisions of the ordinance would result in hardship, irrigation system limitations, religious convictions, or the health and safety of the applicant.
- Written application for a variance shall be submitted to the Pinellas County Utilities Conservation Department.
- The application for variance shall demonstrate that:
 - The variance shall not be in conflict with any other applicable ordinance or state law
 - The variance will not adversely affect the reclaimed water supply
 - The variance will not violate the general spirit and intent of the ordinance nor will it be inconsistent with the County Comprehensive Plan
- Pinellas County shall consider a variance from the County Reclaimed Water Shortage Conservation Measures as soon as possible after submittal of the written application.
- In granting any variance, Pinellas County may prescribe appropriate conditions and safeguards to assure conformance.
- Violations of such conditions and safeguards, when made a part of the terms under which the variance is granted, shall be deemed a violation of this section.
- Application shall be mailed to the following location:

IS/HAS

EMINENT, STATUTE
DOMAIN 153.03(5)

FEE (SIMPLE)
TITLE
ORDINANCE
97-103
SECTION
126-509(A)
RESOLUTION
95-286
IV (C-2)

Pinellas County Utilities Conservation Department
14 South Fort Harrison Avenue, 4th Floor
Clearwater, FL 33756

- For personal assistance, please call the Reclaimed Hotline at (727) 464-4273

RECLAIMED WATER TAKES TITLE TO YOUR PROPERTY IN RESOLUTION 95-286 IV (C-2) AND ORDINANCE 97-103 SECTION 126-509. IT IS PART OF A LAND ACQUISITION / APPROPRIATION. ALL YOUR PROPERTY, BOTH PERSONAL AND REAL PROPERTY, IS BEING TAKEN AS PART OF THIS EMINENT DOMAIN CONTRACT IN STATUTE 153.03(5).

Petition for Variance County Reclaimed Ordinance PC 82-3
Revised 10/16/2009

THIS ENTITY OF INTEREST IS ATTEMPTING TO USE THE 14th AMENDMENT TO USURP YOUR PROPERTY, LIBERTY, HEALTH AND SAFETY, LITERALLY!



CITIZEN COMMENT CARD

The Board of County Commissioners values your participation

Please fill out this card if you wish to speak or record your sentiment regarding an agenda item or general topic. Individuals wishing to speak may do so for up to three minutes when called to the lectern.

Citizens to be Heard

Agenda Item

Agenda date: 10 / 08 / 19

Agenda item number (NOT case number): _____

Speaking:

For Against Undecided

Waive speaking:

In Support Against

(The Chairman will read this information into the record.)

Topic: Bus route & stops

Name: Ken Warrington

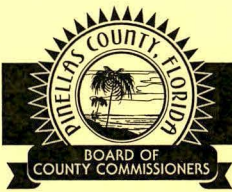
Address: 10200 122 NA Ave
Apt 1851

City: LARGO FL Zip: 33773

Email: warringtonken@gmail.com

Please refer to the **Pinellas County Commission Public Participation & Decorum Rules** for details.

Visit Pinellas County online at www.pinellascounty.org



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Citizens to be Heard

Agenda Item

Agenda date: _____

Agenda item number (NOT case number): _____

Speaking:

For Against Undecided

Waive speaking:

In Support Against

(The Chairman will read this information into the record.)

Topic: Syringe Exchange Program

Name: Matt Zweil

Address: 27440 Cashford Circle

City: Wesley Chapel, FL Zip: 33544

Email: mzweil@gmail.com

Please refer to the *Pinellas County Commission Public Participation & Decorum Rules* for details.

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Citizens to be Heard

Agenda Item

Agenda date: _____

Agenda item number (NOT case number): _____

Speaking:

For Against Undecided

Waive speaking:

In Support Against

(The Chairman will read this information into the record.)

Topic: Syringe Exchange Program

Name: Diane Zweil

Address: 27440 Cashford Circle

City: Wesley Chapel, FL Zip: 33544

Email: ~~diane~~ dzweil@safexchange.org

Please refer to the *Pinellas County Commission Public Participation & Decorum Rules* for details.

Visit Pinellas County online at www.pinellascounty.org

Dear County Commissioners,

My name is Diane Zweil and I am the Service Manager for a local non-profit organization known as "Safe Exchange Tampa.

As you may be aware, Governor Ron DeSantis recently signed a bill making syringe exchange available to Florida residents (Florida Senate Bill 366). When I first heard about the possibility of such a law coming to pass, my immediate reaction was "Why on earth would you want to provide drug addicts needles?" It's a logical question and one that was asked to us by Representatives in Tallahassee the day before this came up for vote. The following is a brief explanation as to why such a program is not only important for IV drug users, but for the entire community. Before I go into that narrative, it's important that you understand we are NOT introducing more syringes into the community. This is a 1:1 exchange; 1 clean needle for 1 dirty one. In fact, Miami's Syringe Exchange program has received far more syringes than they have distributed and have reported a visible decrease of syringes "on the ground" in areas most prevalent for drug use. Areas like this exist in Pasco, Hillsborough and Pinellas and there have been numerous articles published throughout the country about children picking these dirty syringes up, unaware of the danger. Most recently, a 6 year old girl mistook a syringe she found on the ground for a thermometer and stuck it in her mouth. Fortunately, she did not develop any illness or injury, but the trauma she and her family went through due to all the required testing and waiting was "overwhelming".

Syringe exchange programs have been in existence in other states such as CA and NM for years which means there's been enough time to collect data as to the effectiveness of such programs. The main objective of these programs was to reduce the spread of diseases such as HIV/AIDS and Hep C (HCV) as well as other infections related to contaminated syringes. The following is a list of FACTS published by the CDC:

1. The opioid crisis is fueling a dramatic increase in infectious diseases associated with injection drug use.
2. Reports of acute Hepatitis C cases rose 3.5 fold from 2010-2016
3. Over 2,500 new HIV infections occur each year among people who inject drugs
4. Syringe Exchange Programs are associated with an estimated 50% REDUCTION in HIV and HCV incidence
5. Syringe Exchange Programs serve as a bridge to other health services
6. New users of Syringe Exchange Programs who offer referrals to medication assisted treatment are five times more likely to enter drug treatment and three times more likely to stop using drugs than those who don't use the programs

7. Syringe Exchange Programs help support public safety by reducing the number of dirty syringes that are disposed of in an unsafe manner. The CDC's National HIV Behavioral Surveillance System found that "the more syringes distributed by Syringe Exchange Programs per the number of people who inject drugs in a geographic region, the more likely the people who inject drugs in that region were to dispose of used syringes safely." Perhaps that is because carrying syringes has put people at risk for arrest, so people used them and threw them down, anywhere and everywhere. Where Syringe Exchange Programs have partnered with law enforcement, people no longer feel a need to "ditch" syringes quickly.
8. Syringe Exchange Programs prevent overdose deaths by teaching people who use opioids in any form about the use of an overdose reversal medication called "Naloxone". Safe Exchange Tampa has been distributing Naloxone, better known as "Narcan" after educating the person receiving it, in areas throughout Pinellas, Pasco and Hillsborough Counties.

To date, Safe Exchange Tampa has been notified of nearly TWO HUNDRED overdose reversals that were a direct result of our distribution. One of those reversals was that of a 2 year old child that got into a sitter's drugs. We will continue to distribute Narcan at the same time we are providing syringe exchange as well as direction to individuals who have HIV, Hep C, or other drug related infections.

Cost Effectiveness: I've briefly touched on some of the reasons why syringe exchange programs benefit the community. I also realize that as County Commissioners, you have a responsibility to the taxpayers and where their money is going, so, here are some additional facts: (Note: Distributed syringes will not be purchased with public money)

1. Syringe Exchange Programs reduce health care costs by preventing HIV, Hep C and other infections including ENDOCARDITIS, a life threatening heart valve infection that is not uncommon among IV drug users. To give you an example of the cost such infections accrue, in North Carolina alone, the rate of hospital discharge diagnoses for endocarditis related to drug dependence increased more than 12 fold from 2010-2015, with unadjusted hospital costs increasing from \$1.1 million in 2010 to \$22 million in 2015. One year after these statistics came out, North Carolina legalized syringe exchange.
2. The estimated lifetime cost of treating one person living with HIV is more than \$450,000.00. Hospitalizations in the U.S. for substance-use-related infections cost over \$700 million each year.
3. MRSA infections are far more common among IV drug users than the general population. Oftentimes, MRSA infections require hospitalization to heal. Clean syringes would greatly reduce these infections therefore

reducing the cost of hospitalization related to infections that begin at injection sites.

Addiction knows no boundaries. It affects the young and the old, the rich and the poor. Many times, people develop dependence on opioids after surgery due to prescription drugs that were ordered inappropriately. Their bodies quickly became dependent on these drugs and they become stuck on a "ride" they never intended to be on. On a personal note, the largest part of my motivation is this. As a mother, I've been blessed to not have to deal with the nightmare of having a drug addicted child, however, I know parents that deal with that reality every day. They live in fear of that "knock on the door" that no parent ever wants to get. Addiction is a very tough thing to beat, but it can be and has been done time and time again. I want to give people that time, that chance that maybe in the days to come, they'll be able to begin turning their lives around. I think everyone deserves that.

Sincerely,

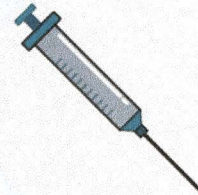
Diane Zweil--Service Manager, Safe Exchange Tampa
27440 Cashford Circle Ste. 102
Wesley Chapel, FL 33544
(813) 469-9972
dzweil@safeexchangetampa.org

Office of the Associate Director for Policy and Strategy

Access to clean syringes






Improving access to prevent the spread of HIV and HCV



What are policies that support access to clean syringes?

Selected Resources

- HHS Implementation [Guidance](#)   related to Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2016 (Pub. L. 114-113)
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: Syringe Services [Programs](#)
- North American Syringe Exchange [Network](#) 

Regulatory, legislative, and other policies that support access to clean needles and syringes allow for the legal sale of needles without prescriptions, and include programs to distribute clean needles and safely dispose of used needles.^[1, 2] The purpose of these policies is to reduce the transmission of blood-borne pathogens, including HIV, hepatitis B virus (HBV), and hepatitis C virus (HCV). Policies that authorize the legal sale and exchange of clean needles and syringes are typically enacted at the state level. Sixteen states have passed laws authorizing needle and syringe exchanges.^[3] Moving toward this goal, California law supports access to clean needles through the nonprescription sale of syringes and needles.^[4] Several states have statutes that remove syringes from lists of illegal drug paraphernalia.^[3] In order to reduce potential needle stick injuries among police officers, North Carolina legalized needle possession among people who alert police officers to the presence of needles prior to a search.^[5]

What is the public health issue?

Injection drug use (IDU) is a risk factor for contracting blood-borne pathogens such as HIV and HCV, and sharing syringes provides a direct route of transmission for diseases.^[6] It is estimated that in 2013, 3,096 of the estimated 47,352 diagnoses of HIV infection in the United States were attributed to IDU.^[7] Among persons who inject drugs (PWID), HCV is approximately 10-fold more transmissible than HIV; 50-90% of HIV-infected PWID are co-infected with HCV. ID use has been shown to be the most common means of HCV transmission in the U.S., and an estimated 33 percent of PWID aged 18-30 years are HCV-infected. Older and former PWID have an estimated prevalence of 70-90% due to the increased risk of continued injection drug use and needle sharing in the 1970's and 1980's before risks of bloodborne virus transmission were widely known.^[8]

The lifetime cost of HIV treatment is estimated to be \$379,668 (in 2010 dollars).^[9, 10] The initial market prices of HCV treatment ranged from \$84,000 to \$96,000 in 2014.^[11] Since 2014, the cost of HCV medications has fallen to an estimated \$40,000 for Medicaid programs. Some payers have negotiated greater reductions in HCV drug costs. HCV treatment can save \$14.3 billion in health costs while costing \$69.5 billion to implement, raising budgetary issues for Medicaid and other insurance plans.

PWID can substantially reduce their risk of acquiring and transmitting HIV, HBV, HCV, and other blood-borne infections by using a sterile needle or syringe for every injection.^[11] Research shows that barriers such as prescription requirements and legal restrictions on needle possession and distribution can prevent access to clean needles and syringes.^[12] Prevention of HCV among PWID is most effective when needle or syringe exchange programs are combined with other prevention services such as behavior-change counseling and addiction treatment services. HCV treatment provides another option for preventing transmission among PWID. A number of models suggest that even modest increases in HCV treatment of PWID can lead to substantial declines in prevalence and incidence of HCV infection when combined with other services.^[13-15]

What is the evidence of health impact and cost effectiveness?

A systematic review of 15 studies analyzing needle-syringe programs (NSP) found that NSP's were associated with decreases in the prevalence of HIV and HCV and decreases in the incidence of HIV.^[1] For example, a series of three-year longitudinal studies investigating the effect of New York's legalization of syringe exchange programs between 1990 and 2002 found decreases in:

- HIV prevalence from 50 percent to 17 percent ($p < .001$)^[16]
- Person-years at risk for HIV, from 3.55 to 0.77 per 100 person-years ($p < .001$)^[16]

Another study that examined the effect of New York's exchange program on the prevalence of HCV infection between 1990 and 2001 found that it was associated with a reduction in prevalence from 80 percent to 59 percent among HIV-negative intravenous drug users ($p < 0.034$).^[1, 17] An evaluation examining the District of Columbia's lift of the Congressional ban on syringe exchange programs, which allowed the D.C. Department of Health to initiate an exchange program, showed a 70 percent decrease in new HIV cases among IDU and a total of 120 HIV cases averted in two years^[18].

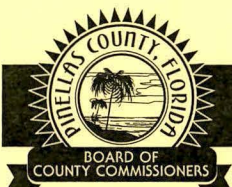
A cost-effectiveness analysis of a New York City needle syringe exchange estimated that the program would result in a baseline one year savings to the government of \$1,300 to \$3,000 per client.^[19] Another cost-effectiveness analysis estimated that expanding access to clean syringes through an additional annual U.S. investment of \$10 million would result in:

- 194 HIV infections averted in one year
- A lifetime treatment cost savings of \$75.8 million¹
- A return on investment of \$7.58 for every \$1 spent (from the national perspective)^[20]

¹ Net present value in U.S. 2011 dollars

For questions or additional information, email healthpolicynews@cdc.gov.

References



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Agenda Item

Agenda date: _____

Agenda item number (NOT case number): _____

Speaking:

For Against Undecided

Waive speaking:

In Support Against

(The Chairman will read this information into the record.)

Topic: Syringe Exchange Program

Name: Robert Zweil

Address: 27440 Cashford Circle

City: Wesley Chapel FL Zip: 33544

Email: rzwel@safexchange.org

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